

Ollscoil na hÉireann, Gaillimh GX 2147
National University of Ireland, Galway
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Exam Code(s) 2BE1;2BN1;2BP1;2BI1;2BG1; 2BM1;2BP1;2BV1

Exam(s) Second Engineering

Module Code(s) MP250

Module(s) Mathematical Physics

Paper No 1

Repeat Paper Special Paper

External Examiner(s) Professor Brian Straughan

Internal Examiner(s) Dr. M. Ó Confhaola

Professor M. F. McCarthy

Instructions:

Answer: THREE questions from Section A

and TWO questions from Section B.

All questions carry the same marks.

A compendium of useful formulae is attached.

Duration 3 hrs

No. of Answer books

Requirements

Handout

MCQ

Statistical Tables Yes - Log Tables

Graph paper

Log Graph Paper

Other Material

No. of Pages Total 5

Department(s) Mathematical Physics

SECTION A

1. A system of distributed forces and couples consists of three forces and two couples as follows:

Forces $\mathbf{F}_1 = 2\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j} + 6\mathbf{k}$ acting at the point $(2, 3, 1)$, $\mathbf{F}_2 = 4\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k}$ acting at the point $(0, -1, 3)$ and $\mathbf{F}_3 = 5\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ acting at the point $(-1, 2, 0)$ and couples with torque vectors $\mathbf{C}_1 = -6\mathbf{i} - 7\mathbf{j}$, $\mathbf{C}_2 = 4\mathbf{j} - 5\mathbf{k}$. Find, and state clearly, the resultant of this system at the origin. Find, and state clearly the wrench resultant of the system.

- 2 P is a point a distance h vertically above the corner A of a horizontal square platform $ABCD$, of side ℓ , which is hinged to support along AB . The platform is held in an inclined position $ABC'D'$ by a rope, of length L , connecting P to the corner C' (diagonally opposite A). If the weight of the platform is W , show that the tension in the string is given by

$$T = \frac{WL}{2h}.$$

3. The left end of a uniform light cable is mounted $15m$ below the right end. The horizontal span between the support points is $100m$ and the sag, measured from the left side is $10m$.

Find the maximum tension in the cable if the cable has a uniform horizontal loading distribution in the vertical direction of $2kNm^{-1}$

4. A particle of mass m moves in a one-dimensional space under the influence of a conservative force with potential energy

$$V(x) = c \frac{x - 2}{x^2 - 4x + 13}$$

where c is a positive constant and x measures the position in one-dimensional space.

Find the positions of equilibrium of the particle and examine their stability properties.

Sketch the energy diagram for the particle.

If the particle passes through the position of equilibrium with speed u , find the values of u for which the particle must undergo oscillatory motion about the position of equilibrium.

5. A rocket of initial mass M_0 , carrying a payload of mass P , is to be launched vertically from rest at the surface of the earth.

(a) The rocket is initially designed as a single stage rocket with 90% of its initial mass as fuel. Show that, in the absence of gravity and other resisting forces, the maximum speed imparted by the rocket to the payload is

$$c \ln \left[\frac{P + M_0}{P + \frac{1}{10}M_0} \right]$$

where c is the exhaust gas ejection speed.

(b) If the rocket is re-designed as a two stage rocket, with the same initial mass M_0 and initial fuel content, but with the second stage being one third the mass of the first stage, show that, in the absence of gravity and other resisting forces, the maximum speed attained by the payload is

$$c \ln \left[\frac{P + M_0}{P + \frac{13}{40}M_0} \cdot \frac{P + \frac{1}{4}M_0}{P + \frac{1}{40}M_0} \right].$$

Compute the two final velocities above when $c = 3\text{km s}^{-1}$ and the payload to initial mass ratio is 1 : 120.

SECTION B

6. Use the various properties of the Laplace transform and the appended table of Laplace transforms to evaluate the following

$$L \{ (2t - 1) \sin 5t \}$$

$$L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{6s - 2}{s^2 + 4s + 4} \right\}$$

$$L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s^2 + 4}{(s - 4)(s^2 - s - 12)} \right\}.$$

7. Use the method of Laplace transforms to find the solution of the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 9\frac{dx}{dt} + 14x = \begin{cases} 4 & 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & t \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

subject to the initial conditions

$$x(0) = 0, \frac{dx}{dt}(0) = 2.$$

8. The periodic function $f(x)$ is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2, & -3 < x < 0 \\ x & 0 \leq x \leq 3 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x + 6) = f(x).$$

What is the period of $f(x)$? Sketch the graph of $f(x)$ over the interval $[-9, 9]$. Evaluate the Fourier coefficients associated with $f(x)$ and write down the partial sum of the associated Fourier series up to and including the $n = 5$ term.

Useful Formulae

Force Systems

$$\mathbf{C}_A = \mathbf{C}_O - \mathbf{OA} \times \mathbf{F}$$

Chains and Cables

Equations for a light cable subject to a uniform load

$$T \cos \theta = H \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{w}{H} x + C_1$$

Equations for a uniform heavy cable

$$\begin{aligned} T \cos \theta &= H \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{w}{H} s + C_1 \\ x &= \frac{H}{w} \sinh^{-1} \left(\frac{w}{H} s + C_1 \right) + D_2 \\ y &= \frac{H}{w} \cosh \frac{w}{H} (x - D_2) + C_2 \\ y &= \frac{H}{w} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{w}{H} s + C_1 \right)^2} + C_2 \end{aligned}$$

Rocket Motion

The one-dimensional variable mass equation of motion appropriate to the motion of rockets is

$$F_{tot}^{ext} = m(t) \frac{d}{dt} v(t) - \left(\frac{d}{dt} m(t) \right) v_{g|r}$$

where $m(t)$ is the mass of the rocket system at time t , $v(t)$ is the velocity of the rocket system at time t , and $v_{g|r}$ is the velocity of the exhaust gases relative to the rocket at time t .

Stability Theory

The equation $\ddot{x} = \frac{1}{m} F(x)$ possesses an equilibrium point at x_0 if $F(x_0) = 0$.

The equilibrium point $x = x_0$ is stable if $F'(x_0) < 0$, while it is unstable if $F'(x_0) > 0$.